

**FEDERAL UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, OWERRI**  
**SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY**  
**DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING**

2009/10 HARMATTAN SEMMESTER EXAMINATION      MAY, 2010

**PSE 507: HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING**

**TIME ALLOWED: 3 hours**

**INSTRUCTION: Answer any 5 questions**

**Q1. Explain with diagrams, the 4 most common methods of obtaining Direct current (DC) at high voltages**

**Q2a. Explain the different methods of producing switching impulses in test laboratories.**

**b. A 12-stage impulse generator has  $0.126\mu\text{F}$  condensers. The wave front and wave tail resistances connected are 800 ohms and 5000 ohms respectively. If the load condenser is  $1000\text{pF}$ , find the front and tail times of impulse wave produced.**

**Q3. Write short notes on the following:**

- i. Series resistance micro-ammeter
- ii. Resistance potential dividers with electrostatic voltmeter
- iii. Series impedance voltmeters.

**Q4. Write short notes on the following:**

- (a) Breakdown in Liquids
- (b) Breakdown in Solids
- (c) Breakdown in Gas

**Q5. Describe Single Stage Impulse generator circuit; hence with mathematical equations analyze this circuit as you determine the  $V_r$ .**

**Q6a. State WHERE and WHAT high voltage can be used to test in high voltage laboratories.**

**b. Sketch a graphical representation of an impulse voltage; hence show its wave-tail and wave-front. Also show on the sketch, when the time voltage wave reaches 10% of the peak voltage and time in the voltage wave to reach 90% of the peak voltage.**