

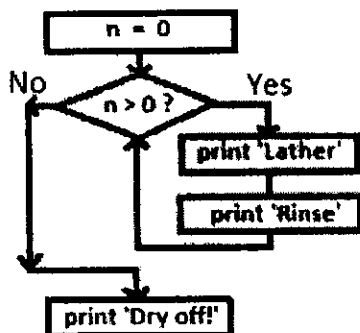
FEDERAL UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY OWERRI
DEPARTMENT OF PETROLEUM ENGINEERING
2019/2020 RAIN SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS
PET 516:- COMPUTER APPLICATION TO PETROLEUM ENGINEERING
INSTRUCTION: - ANSWER FIVE QUESTIONS IN ALL
TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS **DATE: 09/07/2021**

Question-1:

- a. In FORTRAN, what can the in-built function FLOAT do?
- b. The following are possible function statement in FORTRAN. Please comment on each statement:

S/N	FUNCTION STATEMENT	COMMENTS
1	FUNCTION PATT(S, T, F)	
2	FUNCTION JOG(T, X, I, K)	
3	INTERGER FUNCTION TONE(C, B, D)	
4	FUNCTION PATT(S, T, F) INTEGER S, T, F	

- c. Mathematically, $NCR = \frac{N!}{(N-R)! \times R!}$. Write the main program with the function subprogram that can compute the above expression.
- d. What is wrong with this loop below? Explain and draw the right flow chart



- e. What is a common statement and what is it used for in FORTRAN?

Question-2:

- a) Provide the Python operator (code) as per the table below:

S/N	Meaning/Desscription	Python Operator
1	Less than	
2	Less than or Equal to	
3	Equal to	

4	Greater than or Equal to	
5	Greater than	
6	Not equal to	

- b) Provide the three (3) Python Variable Name Rule with examples of good and bad variable name.
- c) Provide the five Python (5) reserve words
- d) List the highest precedent rule to the lowest precedent rule in Python. With this rule, what will be the answer to this equation; $X = 1 + 2^{**}3/4*5$
- e) Re-write the simple python code below and convert to a FORTRAN IV code:
- ```
H = raw_input ('Hours = ')
Rate = raw_input ('Rate = ')
P = H * R
print 'Gross Pay = ', P
```

### Question-3:

- a) Give three advantages of modular programming
- b) Which of the python codes below will never print some something else and why?

A:

```
if x < 2 :
 print 'Below 2'
elif x >= 2 :
 print 'Two or more'
else :
 print 'Something else'
```

B:

```
if x < 2 :
 print 'Below 2'
elif x < 20 :
 print 'Below 20'
elif x < 10 :
 print 'Below 10'
else :
 print 'Something else'
```

- c) Review the python code below and comment if the code will run or not. If you feel the code will not run, provide your reasons why.

```
$ cat notry.py
astr = 'Hello Bob'
istr = int(astr)
print 'First', istr
astr = '123'
istr = int(astr)
print 'Second', istr
```

- d) Periods other than a year could be used, but the discount rate needs to be adjusted. Assuming we start from an annual discount rate then to adjust to another period we need to calculate a rate  $i$ . Given annual rate  $r$ , for a period  $x$ , where  $x$  is a fraction (e.g., six months = 0.5) then the formula below holds:

$$i + 1 = (r + 1)^x$$

Write a subroutine subprogram that will calculate the discount rate " $i$ " for a period less than one year.

- e) Outline the six steps required for program development.

**Question 4**

- Discuss extensively software application in the five broad areas of petroleum Engineering
- List any three of these applications in each of those five broad areas
- What are the limitations with the use of software
- Briefly explain the various phases involved in software development

**Question 5**

- (a) The table below shows an After Tax Cash Flow of OK-OIL and Gas Company

| Monthly Prod. (MMSTB) | Gross Revenue (\$M) | Expensed Cost (\$M) | Royalties (\$M) | Net Revenue (\$M) |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 0.07                  | 7.28                | 1.45                | 0.91            | 5.36              |
| 0.25                  | 25.49               | 2.72                | 3.19            | 20.30             |
| 0.89                  | 89.20               | 3.87                | 11.15           | 75.05             |

Assuming linear relationship, estimate the expensed cost and accrued revenues of the company as well as Government royalty at a monthly production of 650,000bbl

- What is the limitation of linear interpolation?
- Obtain the second degree interpolating polynomial of this Well

|           |     |      |      |
|-----------|-----|------|------|
| Q (bbl/D) | 450 | 500  | 640  |
| P (psi)   | 900 | 1000 | 1500 |

- (d) Hence find:  $Q(1200\text{psi})$

**Question 6**

- (a) Write out the general form for Lagrange interpolation passing through  $n + 1$  data points  
The Carman-Kozeny model of laminar flow in packed beds is used to calculate permeability as a function of porosity,  $\phi$  as shown in the following table:

|                        |      |       |       |
|------------------------|------|-------|-------|
| Porosity, $\phi$       | 0.15 | 0.22  | 0.26  |
| Permeability, $k$ , md | 7.29 | 23.00 | 37.96 |

- Obtain an approximate equation to the Carman-Kozeny model using Lagrangian interpolation passing through all the three points
- Calculate the approximate value (correct to 2dp) and actual value of permeability when porosity is 0.24 given that the Carman-Kozeny model is:  $k = 2160\phi^3$
- Explain your result